

Substitute Bill No. 5904

February Session, 2000

## An Act Concerning Electronic Monitoring Of Drunken Drivers And Other Probationers With A History Of Alcohol Abuse And Requiring Notification When The Functioning Of Electronic Monitoring Equipment Is Interrupted.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (a) Not later than January 1, 2001, the Chief Court
- 2 Administrator shall establish a pilot zero-tolerance alcohol supervision
- 3 program to monitor the consumption of alcohol by persons placed on
- 4 probation who have been convicted of a violation of section 14-227a, as
- 5 amended, 53a-56b or 53a-60d of the general statutes or who have a
- 6 history of alcohol abuse.
- 7 (b) Eligibility for participation in the program shall be limited to 8 individuals who have been convicted of an offense, have been
- 9 identified as having a history of alcohol abuse and have been
- sentenced to a period of probation and ordered by the court, as a
- 11 condition of such probation, to participate in the program and shall be
- 12 based upon criteria, including a limit on the maximum number of
- 13 eligible participants, established by the Chief Court Administrator.
- 14 (c) Any person entering such program shall, as a condition of
- participating in such program, agree to: (1) Submit to periodic breath
- 16 tests to determine the presence of alcohol in the blood of such person,
- 17 (2) detention in a halfway house facility each time such test produces a

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- (d) Participants in the zero-tolerance alcohol supervision program shall submit to periodic breath tests to determine the presence of alcohol in the blood of such person. The Office of Adult Probation shall cause to be installed in the dwelling of each participant a device that measures the amount of alcohol in such participant's blood as shown by a chemical analysis of the participant's breath when such participant blows into the device and that electronically transmits the results of such analysis to such participant's probation officer. If the test produces a positive result, the participant shall be detained in a halfway house facility for a period of two days for the first positive test result and for a period of five days for each subsequent positive test result.
- (e) Any person who has submitted to a breath test pursuant to subsection (d) of this section that produced a positive result may request that a breath test be administered, at such person's expense, to confirm the results of the first test, except that if the participant is determined to be indigent, based upon financial affidavits, the Judicial Department shall pay the cost of the test. The second test shall be a breath test, separate and independent of the initial test. The participant shall be detained in a halfway house pending the results of the second test. If such second test does not produce a positive result, the participant, if detained in a halfway house, shall be released and the fee, if paid by the participant, shall be refunded to the participant.
- (f) A participant enrolled in the zero-tolerance alcohol supervision program may be charged with a violation of probation if the participant's probation officer determines that the participant has violated the conditions of probation or the conditions of the program.
- (g) Not later than January 1, 2002, the Chief Court Administrator shall submit a report on the pilot zero-tolerance alcohol supervision program to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly

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50 having cognizance of matters relating to criminal justice.

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Sec. 2. Subsection (h) of section 14-227a of the general statutes, as amended by section 1 of public act 99-255, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(h) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section shall: (1) For conviction of a first violation, (A) be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and (B) be (i) imprisoned not more than six months, forty-eight consecutive hours of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner or (ii) imprisoned not more than six months, with the execution of such sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely and a period of probation imposed requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for one year; (2) for conviction of a second violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than four thousand dollars, (B) be (i) imprisoned not more than two years, one hundred twenty consecutive days of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, or (ii) imprisoned not more than two years, twenty days of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation of six months requiring as a condition of such probation that such person participate in the pilot zero-tolerance alcohol supervision program established under section 1 of this act, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for three years or until the date of such person's twenty-first birthday, whichever is longer; and (3) for conviction of a third and subsequent violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than two thousand dollars nor more than eight

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thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than three years, one year of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege permanently revoked upon such third offense. For purposes of the imposition of penalties for a second or third and subsequent offense pursuant to this subsection, a conviction under the provisions of subsection (a) of section 14-227a in effect on October 1, 1981, or as amended thereafter, a conviction under the provisions of either subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section, a conviction under the provisions of section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or a conviction in any other state of any offense the essential elements of which are determined by the court to be substantially the same as subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section or 53a-56b or 53a-60d, shall constitute a prior conviction for the same offense.

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Sec. 3. (NEW) If there is an interruption in the functioning of the electronic monitoring equipment of a person subject to electronic monitoring as a condition of release on probation pursuant to section 53a-30 of the general statutes, as amended, or prior to trial pursuant to section 54-64a of the general statutes, as amended, the agent of the state responsible for supervising such electronic monitoring shall immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies and the Court Support Services Division within the Judicial Department of such interruption and such law enforcement agency or agencies and said division shall use their best efforts to locate such person as soon as possible.

JUD Committee Vote: Yea 39 Nay 1 JFS

PS Committee Vote: Yea 22 Nay 0 JF

LM Committee Vote: Yea 20 Nay 0 JF

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APP Committee Vote: Yea 41 Nay 0 JF

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